

Efficiency Tip 14009

Large Concentrated Loads on Rim Board (14,350 lbs +)

To save time in Javelin version 5.2; we have added the ability to identify **Large Concentrated Loads on Rim Board**. This will not fail rim materials when the crushing strength is exceeded. A new red Hex Detail will display on the layout when the load exceeds **14,350 lbs (factored)** after the job has been designed.

To help builders understand how to manage the transfer of these high loads, two new tools have been created:

The first is a detail that can be placed on the Javelin layout or cover page (see last page for more information).

The second is a new Technical Bulletin ([TB-250](#)) created to provide a solution for these high loading conditions, this is available on our web site (<http://www.woodbywy.com/library/#technical-bulletins>).

As a minimum, it is recommended to supply the Technical Bulletin ([TB-250](#)) to the Designer of Record / Contractor / Framer for resolution on site.

You can also provide your customer with specific instructions and add the additional material to the Javelin Layout when this detail is generated. See the following section for instructions on how to do that.

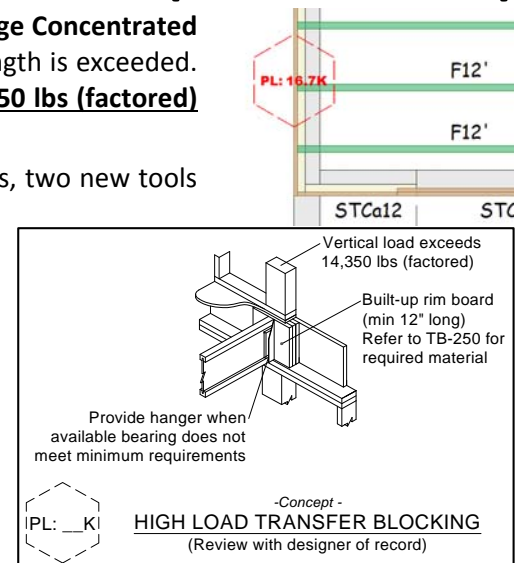


Table 1: Maximum Combined Concentrated and Uniform Load (lbs) - Factored - 2x6

Rim Assembly (Rim + Reinforcement)	Plies	2x6 Wall Plate Species (su)			
		SPF			
		Column Width			
		4.5"	5.25"	7"	9"
1 1/8" TJ® Rim Board	3	-	15635	17970	17970
	4	16490	18160	22600	23960
1 1/4" TimberStrand® LSL	3	15905	17375	19965	19965
	4	16490	18160	22600	26620
1 1/2" TimberStrand® LSL	3	16490	18160	22600	23960
	4	16490	18160	22600	23960
3 1/2" Parallam® PSL	1	14845	16215	18635	18635
	2	14845	16215	18635	18635
5 1/4" Parallam® PSL	1	16490	18160	22600	27955

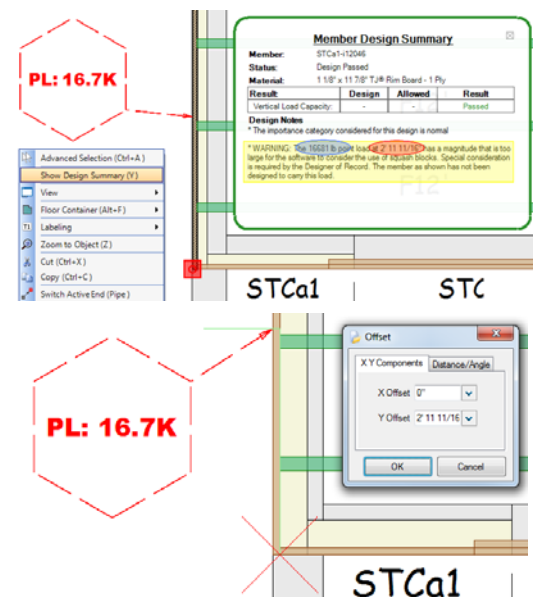
Steps to adding material at identified locations:

1. Use the tables in [TB-250](#) to select an appropriate Rim Assembly:
2. Identify material of supporting column above.
3. The values in the table are the maximum load that can be supported.
4. Select the Rim Board in the Javelin model and right click in white space to display the context menu and click on Show the **Design Summary Information(Y)**.
5. Look at the WARNING message. This will tell you exactly **what the load is** and **where the load is** on the rim board.

*** WARNING: The 16681 lb point load at 2' 11 11/16" has a magnitude that is too large for the software to consider the use of squash blocks. Special consideration is required by the Designer of Record. The member as shown has not been designed to carry this load.**

6. Compare the Point Load to the tables to identify the Rim Assembly. 3 plies of 1 1/8" TJ® Rim Board will support 17970 lbs. the load in this example is 16681 lbs. below the limit (3 plies total are required).

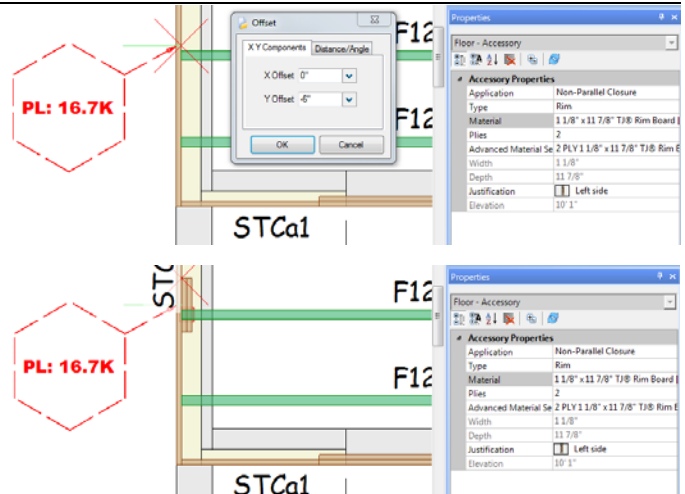
7. Insert a **Workline** at 2' 11 11/16" to set a snap point. Use the inside face of the end of the Rim (X) and **Shift Key + Left click**. This will display an Offset dialog input 2' 11 11/16" in the **Y Offset**. Make the Workline **12"** long to the outside of the structure.



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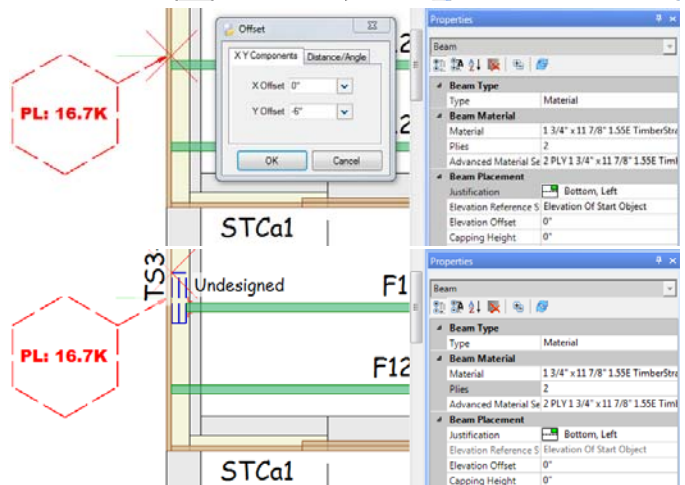
Option 1: Multi-Ply Rim Board

8. Select the **Manually Input Accessory** Command on the Floor Container tool bar, in the property grid:
 - set the Application to **Non Parallel Closure**
 - set the desired Rim Material
 - set the desired Plies (value in table is total plies)
 - set Justification: Left (drawing up in this case)
9. Hold down the **Shift Key + Left click (X)** on the inside face of the Rim and Workline. This will display an Offset dialog input **-6"** in the **Y Offset**, click OK. Up arrow **12"** to draw the Accessory.
10. Trim the Joist to inside face of Rim. A connector is not required in this case because there enough bearing for the joist on the 2x6 plate ($5\frac{1}{2}" - 3\frac{3}{8}" = 2\frac{1}{8}"$).





Option 2: Rim + Beam

8. Select the **Beam** Command, in the property grid:
 - set the desired Material
 - set desired number of Plies
 - set Justification: Bottom, Left.
9. Hold down the **Shift Key + Left click (X)** on the inside face of the Rim and Workline. This will display an Offset dialog input **-6"** in the **Y Offset**, click OK. Up arrow **12"** to draw the Beam.
10. Joist will automatically trim to the beam, creating the connector because there in not enough bearing for the joist on the 2x6 plate ($5\frac{1}{2}" - 4\frac{5}{8}" = \frac{7}{8}"$).



Note: $3\frac{1}{2}"$ TimberStrand® LSL can be replaced with 2 ply $1\frac{1}{4}"$ TimberStrand® LSL and 2 ply $3\frac{1}{2}"$ TimberStrand® LSL can be replaced with 4 Ply $1\frac{1}{4}"$ TimberStrand® LSL.

11. Change Levels to the level above and turn on the visibilities for Bearings.
12. Find the **Active Bearing**  for the Wall to the 1' long Accessory or Beam below. Make the **Bearing Inactive** . This keeps the **PL:___K** hex detail on the plan, otherwise Javelin will change the detail to a **CS** hex when designed because the load would be split between the two objects.
13. Add **PL:___K HIGH LOAD TRANSFER BLOCKING** wmf detail to the appropriate **Layout Sheets** ([Download a copy PL:___K.wmf](#)). Save this file to the Javelin's default location with all other Floor details in:

C:\ProgramFiles\Modus\Javelin\{InstanceName}\Data\Details\iLevel(English)\Floor

Note: If you have upgraded older versions of Javelin the **Modus** path may not exist, it could be **iLevel** or **Trus Joist**.

